

OVERVIEW OF SOLID WASTE BUREAU'S 2018 ENFORCEMENT PROGRAM

SOLID WASTE ASSOCIATION OF AMERICA – NEW MEXICO 2018 ANNUAL MEETING & REGIONAL ROUNDTABLE EMBASSY SUITES HOTEL – ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO

Presented By:



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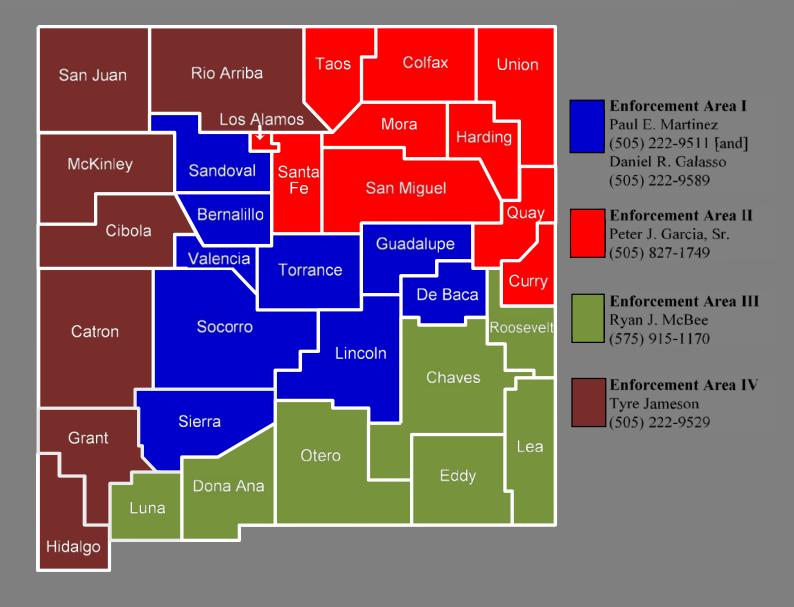
My Background:

My Background...

- 1993-1998, AFOSI Special Agent
 - □ Supervised JDET, Travis AFB, CA
 - Managed Fraud/Environmental Crimes Program,
 Holloman AFB, NM
- □ 1998-2005, Enforcement Officer, NMED/SWB
- 2005-Present, Manager, Enforcement Section, NMED/SWB



NMED/SWB Enforcement Areas



Regulatory Authority

- Solid Waste Act [NMSA 1978, §§ 74-9-1 to 74-9-43]
- New Mexico Solid Waste Rules [20.9.2 20.9.10 NMAC]





Regulatory Authority

- Recycling and Illegal Dumping Act [NMSA 1978, §§ 74-13-1 to 74-13-20]
- Recycling, Illegal Dumping and Scrap Tire
 Management Rule [20.9.20 NMAC]





Why Pursue Enforcement?

- The mission of the Solid Waste Bureau is to promote and assure the safe, efficient and effective management, recycling and disposal of solid waste
- □ This benefits all who live in New Mexico by assuring the protection of human health and the environment
- If violators are allowed to profit by violating the law, where is the incentive to comply?



Why Pursue Enforcement?

- A primary goal of the Solid Waste Bureau's enforcement program is to assure that NO PERSON enjoys economic benefit through regulatory noncompliance
- According to the Solid Waste Bureau's Civil Penalty Assessment Policy, an enforcement action should:
 - Create a deterrent to additional non-compliance (for the violator and others)
 - Assure fair and equitable treatment of the regulated community (avoiding unlevel playing fields)
 - Assure swift resolution of environmental problems



Solid Waste Bureau Enforcement Actions Are:

Informal or Formal



Informal Enforcement

- Informal enforcement actions are <u>requests for voluntary</u> <u>compliance</u>
 - Compliance is voluntary
 - No monetary penalty is assessed
 - Issued for relatively minor, non-repeated violations
 - May or may not request a written response demonstrating corrective action
 - Most enforcement actions issued by the Solid Waste Bureau are informal (95% or more)

- Informal Enforcement Actions No Penalty
 - Enforcement Letter
 - No written response requested
 - Notice of Inspection ("NOI")
 - No written response requested
 - Notice of Non-Compliance ("NON")
 - For non-registered and non-permitted operations only (e.g., Illegal dumping complaints)
 - Notice of Violation ("NOV")
 - Written response to enforcement manager is requested
 - Follow-up inspection is probable





Formal Enforcement

- Formal enforcement actions are issued pursuant to the SWA or the RAIDA
 - Compliance is compelled (e.g., corrective action)
 - Monetary penalty is routinely assessed
 - Issued for relatively serious or repeated violations
 - Require a formal Answer (i.e., written response) and a public hearing may be request to contest the action, if requested within 30 days of service
 - Due process rights are protected
 - Settlement agreements are encouraged



- Formal Enforcement Actions With Penalty
 - Administrative Compliance Order ("ACO")
 - Compels compliance
 - Assesses a civil penalty (up to \$5,000 per day, per violation)
 - Issued by the Secretary (via delegation to Division Director)
 - Public hearing or settlement are options





- Formal Enforcement Actions With Penalty
 - Settlement Agreement and Stipulated Order
 - Violator voluntarily enters into a legally binding agreement with NMED and agrees to specified corrective action and payment of a civil penalty, avoiding the probable issuance of an ACO
 - Compels compliance
 - Requires payment of a civil penalty (up to \$5,000 per day, per violation)
 - Issued by the Secretary (Division Director approves the settlement terms)



- Formal Enforcement Actions With Penalty
 - Civil Judicial Action [District Court]
 - NMED files a complaint with the court (e.g., injunctive relief, search warrant request)
 - Judge assesses case, holds hearing(s), takes testimony and makes rulings
 - NMED Stipulated Orders may be accepted and incorporated as a suitable resolution, but failure to comply represents contempt of court



Determining the Penalty Amount

- Solid Waste Civil Penalty Assessment Policy
- Penalty Amount (Per Violation) =
 - Gravity-Based Component [+]
 - Multi-Day Component [+]
 - Adjustments [+]
 - **□** Economic Benefit
- Penalty Shall Not Exceed \$5,000 Per Day, Per Violation [SWA Prohibits]



Gravity-Based Penalty Matrix

Extent of Deviation from Requirement

	MAJOR	MODERATE	MINOR
SEVERE	\$5,000	\$4,000	\$3,000
SIGNIFICANT	\$3,000	\$2,000	\$1,000
MINIMAL	\$1,000	\$500	\$100



Multi-Day Penalty Matrix

Extent of Deviation from Requirement

	MAJOR	MODERATE	MINOR
SEVERE	\$1,000	\$800	\$700
SIGNIFICANT	\$600	\$500	\$400
MINIMAL	\$300	\$200	\$50



Statistics

- During FY 2018 (July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018)
 - Completed 120 inspections of registered or permitted solid waste, scrap tire or medical facilities
 - Issued 80 enforcement actions (excluding ENTS cases)
 - Logged and investigated 139 ENTS complaints
 - Reviewed eight scrap tire civil engineering application permit requests, six (6) scrap tire hauler registrations, and four (4) tire recycling facility registration applications

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Statistics

Formal Enforcement for CY 2018 [So Far]:

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RESPONDENT	ISSUANCE DATE	ACO NUMBER	STATUS	PENALTY ASSESSED	PENALTY PAID (OR BEING PAID)	COMMENTS
Durango Trash, LLC	5/4/2018	SWB 18-002 (SO) [Stipulated Order]	Closed	\$1,000	\$1,000	Unregistered commercial hauler
R. Minnix Construction, Inc.	8/21/2018	SWB 18-003 (CO)	Settled	\$70,626	\$15,000	Improper transportation and disposal of PCS; requested public hearing
White Sands Construction, Inc. and WSCI, LLC	8/21/2018	SWB 18-004 (CO)	Settled	\$58,126	\$22,500	Non-manifested transportation and improper disposal of PCS; requested public hearing
SBE, Inc. d/b/a Steve Bell Construction	8/21/2018	SWB 18-005 (CO)	Closed	\$10,000	\$5,000	Failure to characterize and properly dispose of regulated asbestos waste
Eddy County (Artesia Fairgrounds, Happy Valley, Eddy County Yard and Washington Ranch CCs)	9/7/2018	SWB 18-006 (CO)	Closed	\$48,500	\$25,000	Four (4) unregistered collection centers; mailed on 9/10/2018
Friedman Recycling of Albuquerque, LLC	9/24/2018	SWB 18-007 (SO) [Stipulated Order]	Settled	\$31,500	\$31,500	Improper and unsafe recyclables storage, and failure to have an on-site certified operator
DaVita Medical Group New Mexico, LLC (Sunport Healthcare Facility)	11/6/2018	SWB 18-008 (CO)	Open	\$14,000	\$0	IW case
				\$233,752	\$100,000	

- All-Goes-Well <u>Informal</u> Enforcement Timeline
 - Complaint received and logged [48 Hours]
 - Complaint assigned and referred or initial site inspection conducted [2 Weeks]
 - □ NON/NOI/NOV issued [1 Week]
 - Violator receipt and requested response [2 Weeks]
 - Violator cleans up and sends receipts [1-2 Weeks]
 - □ SWB review, log and follow-up inspection [1-2 Weeks]
 - SWB manager or coordinator closes [72 Hours]

TOTAL PERIOD: Roughly 10 Weeks/2.5 Months



All-Goes-Well <u>Formal</u> Enforcement Timeline

- Complaint logged, assigned, inspected/investigated [2 Weeks]
- NOV issued, attorney requested/assigned [2 Weeks]
- ACO/SO and associated documents drafted [1 Week]
- Respondent receipt, submit Answer, hearing request, request for informal settlement meeting [30 Days]
- Establish hearing date [90 Days]
- □ Hold informal settlement meeting [2 Weeks] *Mulitiple*
- SFO drafted, coordinated and signed by Respondent and Cabinet Secretary [3-4 Weeks]
- Violator cleans up and sends receipts [2 Weeks]
- SWB review, log and follow-up inspection [1-2 Weeks]
- SWB/OGC coordinate, termination letter sent [1 Week]

TOTAL PERIOD: Roughly 3 to 6 Months



Not-All-Goes-Well Formal Enforcement Timeline

- Complaint logged, assigned, inspected/investigated [2 Weeks]
- NOV issued, attorney requested/assigned [2 Weeks]
- ACO/SO and associated documents drafted [1 Week]
- Respondent receipt, submit Answer, hearing request, request for informal settlement meeting [30 Days]
- Establish hearing date [90 Days] *Delayed*
- Settlement Discussion(s) Unfruitful [8 Weeks] *Mulitiple*
- Hearing held, hearing officer sends report to Cabinet Secretary [30 Days]
- Cabinet Secretary issued Final Order [30 Days]
- Appealed to District Court / Appeals Court [6 Months or more]
- Final Order upheld, SFO drafted, coordinated and accepted by Judge [3-4 Weeks]
- Violator cleans up and sends receipts [2 Weeks]
- SWB review, log and follow-up inspection [1-2 Weeks]
- SWB/OGC coordinate, termination letter sent [1 Week]

TOTAL PERIOD: Roughly 10 to 18 Months



CASE DISCUSSION

- Former Tire Recycling Facility, Cuba, New Mexico
 - In violation from 1997 to Present
 - Why no compliance?
 - NMED Actions
 - Site Inspections and NOVs
 - Two ACOs
 - Mediation (failed)
 - Revoked hauler and tire recycling facility permits
 - Spent roughly \$650K RAIDA grant funds
 - SFO signed, but no effort to monofill or remove tires
 - Fire occurs on June 7, 2018 (EPA assists)

















CASE DISCUSSION

- Former Tire Recycling Facility, Cuba, New Mexico
 - Tire Recycling Facility ("TRF") permit on December 1, 1997
 - TRF was improperly operated and non-compliant with the permit and regulations (SWB inspections performed)
 - December 31, 2002, NMED issued two Administrative Compliance Orders ("ACOs") for excessive on-site tires, improper storage and waste mismanagement
 - September 20, 2005, mediation with NMED failed
 - February 20, 2006, Sandoval County Fire Marshall inspected and stated in the report that the site was a "death trap"
 - September 17, 2008, SFO revoked the TRF permit
 - November 17, 2008, NMED Cabinet Secretary signed an emergency declaration, authorizing use of RAIDA funds







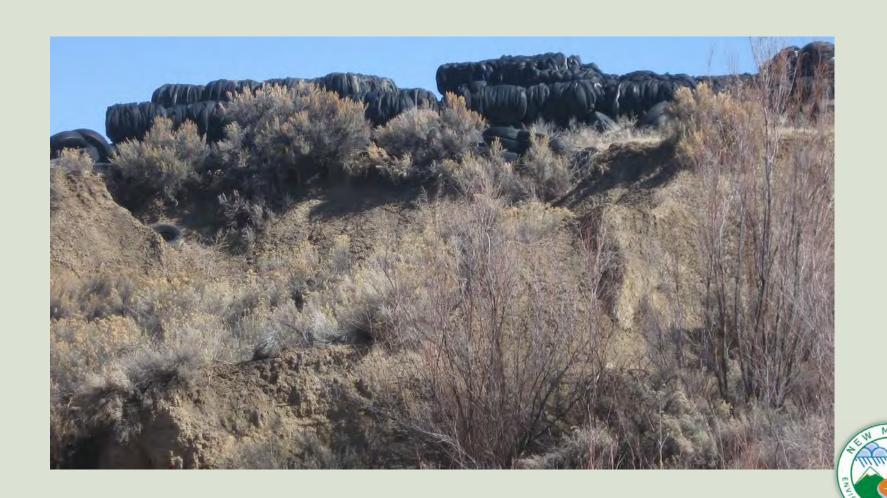












CASE DISCUSSION

- Former Tire Recycling Facility, Cuba, New Mexico
 - April 8, 2009, SFO settled both ACOs issued in 2002, allowing NMED to use a contractor to clean up the site, and Mr. Cordova agreed to work with NMED toward siting a scrap tire monofill, and agreed to pay a \$50,000 penalty (if he failed to comply)
 - As of December 1, 2010, NMED's RFP process and awarded contractor brought the site into fire code compliance, spending roughly \$650K of RAIDA funds
 - December 12, 2010, ACO revoked the scrap tire hauler registration (no \$10,000 surety bond)
 - 2011 through 2017, no bale removal or cooperation with NMED on monofill, although NMED performed numerous site visits, verifying additional tires were not brought to the site















CASE DISCUSSION

- Former Tire Recycling Facility, Cuba, New Mexico
 - June 7, 2018, a fire broke out involving approximately four stockpiles (suspicious, no formal determination by fire marshal)
 - Cuba and Sandoval County Fire Departments, and subsequently EPA Region 6 personnel, brought in the necessary resources to smother and partially extinguish the burning scrap tires
 - ***Were it not for NMED's reorganization of the site into proper storage configuration in 2010, fire would have been catastrophic
 - Buried, burned or partially burned tires still hot
 - Although the fire was extinguished (or fully covered), the cover is poor and below surface site conditions are uncertain
 - Does buried burn debris require removal? Who will pay?
 - Remainder of unburned bales and tires still remain on the property. Problem remains.

















