Recycling in New Mexico

NM SWANA – Road Runner Chapter Annual Meeting and Roundtable

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Agenda

- Company Introduction
- Recycling in NM Demand
- Recycling in NM Supply
- Current Realities
- Conclusions
- Questions & Answers





Company Introduction

- Family Owned & Operated
- Started as neighborhood buy-back center in SW Phoenix in 1977
- One of the largest independent private recycling firms in Southwest
- Specialize in Single Stream Recycling Processing
- Facilities in Phoenix, Tucson, El Paso, Las Cruces, Albuquerque





New Mexico's Only Single Stream MRF

- 5021 Edith NE
- 12 Acres, 90,000 Sqft Processing Warehouse
- 30 tph BHS Sorting System, Two High Density Balers
- Automated: Mechanical, Optical, Eddy, Magnetic, & Pneumatic Sorting





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Recycling in NM: Demand

- NM Has Limited Mill Infrastructure
 - McKinley Paper
 - OCC Only
 - Growstone

Glass

- NM Dependent on Out of State Markets
 - USA (TX, OK, LA, CA)
 - Mexico
 - Southeast Asia (China, Korea, Malaysia, Thailand)

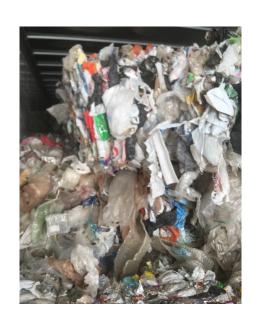




China Sets the Pace

- National Sword
 - Ban of 24 Types of Scrap
 - Most Notably Mixed Paper & Mixed Plastics
 - Quality to 00.50%
 - Reduction in Permits (Quantity and Size)
 - Issued Inconsistently Throughout the Year









Impacts from National Sword

China Import Volumes Dramatically Decline

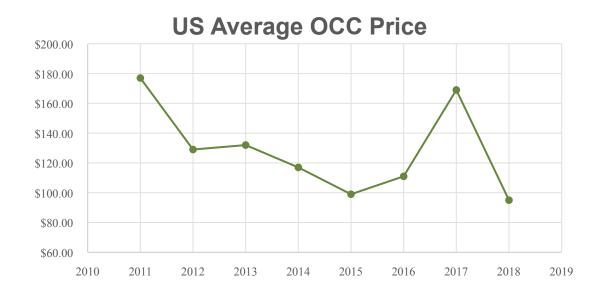
	2016	2018	Decline
OCC	9,766 M	8,355 M	1,411 M (14.5%)
Mixed	3,607 M	1,985 M	1,622 M (45%)

- Other Importing Countries Implement Similar Restrictions
 - Malaysia, Thailand, Korea
 - Quality Requirements & Permit (Volume) Restrictions
- Price Plummets

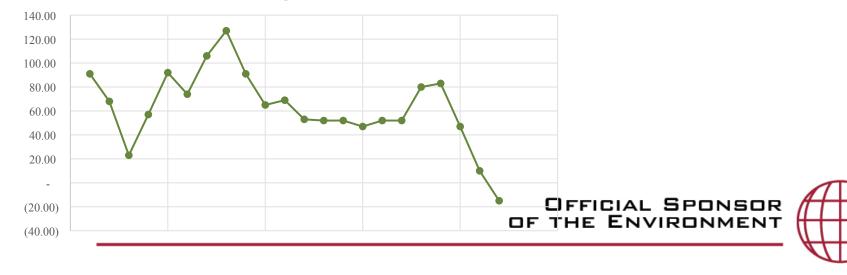
OCC	From \$169 to \$95	\$74 per ton Decline
Mixed	From \$83 to -\$10	\$93 per ton Decline







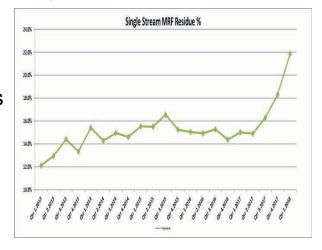
US Average Mixed Paper Price





Recycling in NM: Supply

- Local Processors Need Access to Export Markets
 - Must Produce Quality End Product or Denied Access
 - Inbound Materials Contain 24% Contamination (National Average)
- Forced to Adjust Operations to Meet New Standards
 - Slow Down Sorting Lines
 - Add Additional Labor Throughout Sorting Process
 - Install Additional Technology (Optical Sorting, Robotics)
 - Focus on Inbound Materials (Inspections, Downgrades, Charge Backs)











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Current Realities

- Processing Costs Have Risen Significantly
 - Operating Cost Higher
 - Material Revenue Available Lower
 - Recovered Volumes Declining (as higher % goes to landfill)
- Materials Are Moving
 - Quality Requirements Remain Stringent

China 99.5% Purity Asia 95.0% Purity USA 93.0% Purity

- Pricing Remains Depressed
- Back Logs Slowly Reducing









New Markets Emerging

- Chinese Paper Manufacturing Moving Out of China
 - ND Paper Wisconsin, Main, West Virginia
 - Sun Paper Arkansas
 - Vietnam Expansion (Nine Dragons & Lee & Mann)
- Large Quantity of Quality Recovered Materials at Low Price Spurring Market
- Mill Conversions & Expansions Growing
 - New Cleaning Technology to Consume Mixed Paper Oregon
 - Mill Conversion to Consume Mixed Paper Mexico, TX, CA
 - Greenfield Mill to Consume Mixed Paper Mexico





Conclusions

- Recycling Will Remain Viable & Strong
 - •Manufacturers will Always Demand Quality Recovered Materials
 - Markets Go Up & Down, but Eventually Find Equilibrium
- Recycling is Not Free
 - Recycling is a Critical Public Service
 - •Its Costs Money to Produce Quality Recovered Raw Materials
 - •Recycling Programs are Worthy of Public Expenditures (just like parks, libraries, HHW programs, etc.)
- Aspirational Recycling is Not Sustainable
 - Recycling is a Manufacturing Process
 - Collected Materials Should be Limited to those with Viable End Markets

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Questions & Answers

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